

Excerpt from PPM 144 – Bullying Prevention and Intervention

6. Reporting to the Principal

The purpose of reporting serious student incidents is to ensure that the principal is aware of any activities taking place in the school for which suspension or expulsion must be considered and to help ensure a positive school climate.

Section 300.2 of Part XIII of the Education Act states that an employee of the board who becomes aware that a student at a school of the board may have engaged in a serious student incident shall report the matter to the principal as soon as reasonably possible. The employee must consider the safety of others and the urgency of the situation in reporting the incident, but, in any case, must report it to the principal no later than the end of the school day.

In cases where an immediate action is required, a verbal report to the principal may be made. A written report must be made when it is safe to do so.

In certain situations, members of the College of Psychologists of Ontario or the Ontario College of Social Workers and Social Service Workers who are engaged in a clinical relationship with a student shall report incidents of behaviour for which suspension or expulsion must be considered to the principal as soon as it is, in their professional opinion, reasonably possible to do so without having a negative impact on the nature of the clinical relationship, in accordance with section 300.2 of Part XIII of the Education Act. They shall also report, in a manner that is consistent with the code of ethics and the standards of practice of their respective professions, matters that could result in the student's doing physical, emotional, or psychological harm to him- or herself or to others.

All employee reports made to the principal, including those made verbally, must be confirmed in writing, using the "Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part I". This form may be modified by boards, but must retain the elements set out in the Appendix to this memorandum. Where the principal is the sole witness to an incident, the principal is similarly required to use the reporting form to confirm in writing what he or she witnessed. Boards must specify on this form any other activities for which a student may be suspended or expelled, according to board policy. Each report should be assigned a number for filing and retrieval purposes.

Boards are expected to provide information to board employees on completing the safe schools incident reporting forms. For example, employees who are reporting an incident must submit the "Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part I" to the principal in a timely manner.

The principal must investigate all reports submitted by board employees, as outlined in subsection 300.2(3) of the Education Act. Once the investigation is complete, the principal must communicate the results of the investigation to the teacher who made the report. If a board employee who is not a teacher made the report, the principal will

communicate the results of the investigation to that employee if the principal considers it appropriate. Communication between the principal and school staff about the investigation and the results of the investigation is a shared responsibility, and is an important factor in meeting student needs and fostering collaboration in the school.

The principal must not disclose more personal information than is reasonably necessary for the purpose of communicating the results of the investigation, in accordance with subsection 300.2(5) of the Education Act. This information must be provided in a timely manner so that school staff can work with the principal to best meet the needs of students, support a positive school climate, and help prevent future inappropriate behaviour from taking place.

In all cases, the principal must provide the employee who reported the incident with written acknowledgement, using the “Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part II”. This form may be modified by boards, but must retain the elements set out in the Appendix to this memorandum, and must specify whether the investigation has been completed or is still in progress. If no further action is taken by the principal, the principal is not required to retain the report. Information that could identify the student(s) involved must not be part of the acknowledgement.

In addition to employees of the board, third parties, specified below, who are under contract or agreement with the board are required to report such incidents in writing to the principal of the school. The requirements for boards are as follows:

- Boards are required to include reporting requirements for school bus drivers in their transportation policies and contracts.
- Boards are required to include reporting requirements for employees and contractors as a condition in their agreements with third-party operators who are providing before- and/or after-school programs for Full-Day Kindergarten on the school site in accordance with Ontario Regulation 221/11, “Extended Day and Third Party Programs”, made under the Education Act.

Early childhood educators in board-operated extended-day programs, as well as employees and contractors of third-party operators as described above, must report to the principal as soon as reasonably possible. Boards are expected to provide information to these third-party operators on how to complete the “Safe Schools Incident Reporting Form – Part I”.

Boards may also put policies in place to require other individuals who are not employees of the board and who come into direct contact with students on a regular basis, as outlined in subsection 302(3.1) of the Education Act, to report such matters to the principal (e.g., outdoor education instructors).

If the principal has decided that action must be taken as a result of an incident of bullying, he or she will file a copy of the reporting form with documentation indicating the action taken in the OSR19 of the student whose behaviour was inappropriate. The names of all other students that appear on the form – both students who have engaged

in bullying and students who have been harmed – must be removed from the form before it is filed in the student's OSR.

Where the principal has taken action in the case of more than one student, a copy of the reporting form with documentation indicating the action taken must be filed in the OSR of each student whose behaviour was inappropriate. The names of all other students that appear on the form – both students who have engaged in bullying and students who have been harmed – must be removed from the form before it is filed.

In the case of the student who has been harmed, no information about the incident must be placed in his or her OSR, unless that student's parents expressly request that it be placed in the OSR.

In situations where the student who has been bullied has also engaged in a serious student incident, information regarding the incident and the action taken will be placed in the student's OSR.

The form and documentation must be kept in the OSR for a minimum of one year.